Meeting: Audit and Governance Committee

Date: Monday 5th September, 2022

Time: 2.00 pm

Venue: Council Chamber, Swanspool House, Doddington Road,

Wellingborough, Northants, NN8 1BP

To:

Members of the Audit and Governance Committee

Councillors Andrew Weatherill (Chair), Kirk Harrison (Vice-Chair), Jean Addison, Ian Jelley, Anne Lee, Richard Levell, Paul Marks, Mark Pengelly and Russell Roberts

Substitutes:

Councillors Valerie Anslow, John Currall, Bert Jackson, Peter McEwan, John McGhee and Lee Wilkes

A G E N D A SUPPLEMENT

The following additional report and appendix has now been published which was not available at the time the agenda was published.

This supplementary agenda has been published by Democratic Services.

Contact: democraticservices@northnorthants.gov.uk

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04.	Audit Results Report East Northamptonshire Council 2020-	5 - 56
	2021	





AUDIT AND GOVERNANCE COMMITTEE

5th SEPTEMBER 2022

Report Title	Audit Results Report 2020-2021 East Northants District Council				
Report Author	Claire Edwards – Assistant Director of Finance & Accountancy Claire.Edwards@northnorthants.gov.uk				
Contributors/Checkers/Approvers					
North MO					
North S151					
Other Director/SME	N/a	N/a			

List of Appendices

Appendix A – ISA 260

1. Purpose of Report

1.1. The purpose of this report is to present the draft ISA 260 Report in relation to the Statement of Accounts for the East Northants District Council for 2020/21 to those charged with Governance.

2. Executive Summary

2.1. This report requires the Committee to approve the Provisional Audit Results Report (draft ISA 260) and the Council's draft Management Representation Letter.

3. Recommendations

- 3.1. It is recommended that the Committee.
 - Receives the Provisional Audit Results Report to those charged with Governance.
 - b) Delegate any adjustments to the draft Management Representation Letter to the Councils Executive Director of Finance (s151 Officer), in consultation with the Chair of the Audit & Governance Committee.
- 3.2. Reason for Recommendations -



• It is a statutory requirement for the Council to approve the ISA 260. In accordance with the Council's constitution the Audit & Governance Committee are required to undertake this function.

4. Report Background

- 4.1. The Councils governance arrangements require this Committee to receive and approve the Statement of Accounts for the former District and Borough Councils in North Northamptonshire.
- 4.2. The accounts for East Northants District Council remain in draft format as the following issues are to be concluded:
 - Property Valuations conclusion of specialist valuations by EY
 - Review of NNDR Appeal provision
 - Investment Confirmations
 - Sample testing in relation to Income, expenditure, debtors and creditors
 - Finalisation of internal review procedures
 - Completion of subsequent events review
 - Signed management representation letter
- 4.3. A further requirement is for the Council to provide representations on specific matters such as the Councils financial standing and whether the transactions within the accounts are legal and unaffected by fraud. The draft Management Representation Letter detailed at Appendix B sets out that the accounts have been prepared in accordance with statutory legislation and fairly represent the transactions of the Council and no additional disclosures are required in the financial statements, over and above those already disclosed. A final Management Representation Letter will be issued once the items in 4.2 are concluded.
- 4.4. A representative of the Council's appointed auditor will be at the meeting to present the report and answer Member questions.

5. Issues and Choices

- 5.1. The Committee is being requested to approve the provisional Audit Results Report (draft ISA 260) for East Northants District Council and delegate any adjustments to the draft Management Representation Letter to the Councils Executive Director of Finance (s151 Officer), in consultation with the Chair of the Audit & Governance Committee.
- 5.2. It is a statutory requirement for the Council to approve the annual Statement of Accounts and to consider the External Auditors report (Item 5 on this Agenda). In accordance with the Council's constitution the Audit & Governance Committee are required to undertake this function.
- 6. Implications (including financial implications)



6.1. Resources and Financial

- 6.1.1. The financial implications are set out within the Provisional Audit Results Report.
- 6.2. Legal
- 6.2.1. The approval of the ISA 260 is required for the Council to meet its legal responsibilities under the Accounts and Audit Regulations 2015.
- 6.3. **Risk**
- 6.3.1. The Council's External Auditors have set out the risks in their Provisional Audit Results Report (Appendix A).
- 6.4. **Consultation**
- 6.4.1. None specific to this report.
- 6.5. Consideration by Scrutiny
- 6.5.1. Not specific to this report.
- 6.6. Climate Impact
- 6.6.1. None specific to this report.
- 6.7. **Community Impact**
- 6.7.1. None specific to this report.

7. Background Papers

7.1. Council Constitution.











Audit and Governance Committee Members East Northamptonshire Council (demised) – North Northamptonshire Council

We are pleased to attach our Audit Results Report for the forthcoming meeting of the Audit and Governance Committee.

We have substantially completed our audit of the Council for the year ended 31 March 2021. We confirm that we expect to issue an unqualified audit opinion on the financial statements.

As part of our VFM reporting we considered the adequacy of the Council's arrangements for financial reporting, as the Council did not perform a bank reconciliation throughout 2020/21. We plan to report a significant weakness in arrangements as part of our Value for Money reporting under the NAO's new Code of Audit Practice (the 2020 Code).

This report is intended solely for the use of the Governance and Assurance Committee, other members of the Council, and senior management. It should not be used for any other purpose or given to any other party without obtaining our written consent.

We welcome the opportunity to discuss the contents of this report with you at the Governance and Assurance Committee meeting on the 5th September 2022.

We would like to thank your staff for their help during the engagement.

Yours faithfully

Neil Harris

Associate Partner

For and on behalf of Ernst & Young LLP

Encl

Contents



Public Sector Audit Appointments Ltd (PSAA) issued the "Statement of responsibilities of auditors and audited bodies". It is available from the PSAA website (https://www.psaa.co.uk/audit-quality/statement-of-responsibilities/). The Statement of responsibilities serves as the formal terms of engagement between appointed auditors and audited bodies. It summarises where the different responsibilities of auditors and audited bodies begin and end, and what is to be expected of the audited body in certain areas.

The "Terms of Appointment and further guidance (updated April 2018)" issued by the PSAA sets out additional requirements that auditors must comply with, over and above those set out in the National Audit Office Code of Audit Practice (the Code) and in legislation, and covers matters of practice and procedure which are of a recurring nature.

This report is made solely to the Audit and Governance Committee and management of East Northamptonshire Council in accordance with the statement of responsibilities. Our work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Audit and Governance Committee, and management of East Northamptonshire Council those matters we are required to state to them in this report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Audit and Governance Committee and management of East Northamptonshire Council for this report or for the opinions we have formed. It should not be provided to any third-party without our prior written consent.





Scope update

In our audit planning report presented to Governance and Audit Committee meeting in July 2022, we provided you with an overview of our audit scope and approach for the audit of the financial statements. We carried out our audit in accordance with this plan, with the following updates:

Changes in materiality

We updated our planning materiality assessment using the draft financial statements and have also reconsidered our risk assessment

Materiality	Authority (£k)	
	Outline Audit Plan	Final
Planning Materiality	£951k	£951k
Performance Materiality	£475k	£475k
Audit Differences	£48k	£48k

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Additional audit procedures as a result of Covid-19

ther changes in the entity and regulatory environment as a result of Covid-19 that have not resulted in an additional risk, but result in the following impacts on our audit strategy were as follows:

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Information Produced by the Entity (IPE):

We identified an increased risk around the completeness, accuracy, and appropriateness of information produced by the entity due to the inability of the audit team to verify original documents or re-run reports on-site from the Fund's systems. We undertook the following to address this risk:

- Used the screen sharing function of Microsoft Teams to evidence re-running of reports used to generate the IPE we audited; and
- Agreed IPE to scanned documents or other system screenshots.



Status of the audit

As at 2 September 2022 our audit work in respect of the Council's opinion remains in progress. The following items relating to the completion of our audit procedures were outstanding at the date of this report:

- Valuations of Property, Plant and Equipment, including Investment Properties;
- Receipt of cash and investment confirmations;
- Review of NNDR Appeals provision calculation;
- Receipt and review of sample testing in relation to income, expenditure, debtors and creditors;
- Completion of procedures in relation to government grants
- Update of our subsequent events procedures to the date of our opinion
- Conclusion of engagement manager and engagement partner quality review processes
- Final check of the updated financial statements and narrative report after completion of all outstanding procedures

Receipt of a signed letter of management representation

Given that the audit process is still ongoing, we will continue to challenge the remaining evidence provided and the final disclosures in the Narrative Report and Scounts which could influence our final audit opinion, a current draft of which is included in Section 03.

Audit differences

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We have identified audit differences whilst undertaking our audit, please see further details in section 4.

Areas of audit focus

Our Audit Planning Report identified key areas of focus for our audit of the Council's financial statements This report sets out our observations and conclusions, including our views on areas which might be conservative, and where there is potential risk and exposure. We summarise our consideration of these matters, and any others identified, in the "Key Audit Issues" section of this report.

We ask you to review these and any other matters in this report to ensure:

- There are no other considerations or matters that could have an impact on these issues
- You agree with the resolution of the issue
- There are no other significant issues to be considered.

There are no matters, apart from those reported by management or disclosed in this report, which we believe should be brought to the attention of the Audit and Governance Committee.



Auditor responsibilities under the new Code of Audit Practice 2020

Under the Code of Audit Practice 2020 we are required to consider whether the Council has put in place 'proper arrangements' to secure economy, efficiency and effectiveness on its use of resources. The 2020 Code requires the auditor to design their work to provide them with sufficient assurance to enable them to report to the Council a commentary against specified reporting criteria (see below) on the arrangements the Council has in place to secure value for money through economic, efficient and effective use of its resources for the relevant period.

The specified reporting criteria are:

- Financial sustainability

 How the Authority plans and manages its resources to ensure it can continue to deliver its services;
- Governance
 How the Authority ensures that it makes informed decisions and properly manages its risks; and
- Improving economy, efficiency and effectiveness:

 How the Authority uses information about its costs and performance to improve the way it manages and delivers its services.

status of the audit - Value for Money

the outline Audit Planning Report presented to the Audit and Governance Committee in July 2022, we reported that we had identified one significant risk due to the Council not undertaking bank reconciliations during the 2020/21 financial year. We also noted that we were yet to complete our detailed value for money (VFM) risk sessment. We subsequently completed our planning risk assessment and did not identified any further risk of significant weakness in arrangements against the three specified criteria.

We have concluded our work on the risk identified and concluded that this represents a significant weakness in proper arrangements in relation to the governance criterion. We have modified our audit opinion accordingly.

More details are within section 7 of this report.



we have identified a significant deficiency in operation of the bank reconciliation. Please see full details in sections 5 and 7.

Other reporting issues

We have reviewed the information presented in the Annual Governance Statement for consistency with our knowledge of the Council. We have no matters to report as a result of this work.

We have no other matters to report.

e have no issues to report.

Please refer to Section 9 for our update on Independence.





Significant risk

Misstatements due to fraud or error

What is the risk?

The financial statements as a whole are not free of material misstatements whether caused by fraud or error.

As identified in ISA (UK and Ireland) 240, management is in a unique position to perpetrate fraud because of its ability to manipulate accounting records directly or indirectly and prepare fraudulent financial statements by overriding controls that otherwise appear to be operating effectively. We identify and respond to this fraud risk on every audit engagement.

hat did we do?

%e:

- Inquired of management about risks of fraud and the controls put in place to address those risks.
- Gained an understanding of the oversight given by those charged with governance of management's processes over fraud.
- Considered the effectiveness of management's controls designed to address the risk of fraud.

We also performed mandatory procedures which we are required to undertake regardless of specifically identified fraud risks. We:

- Tested the appropriateness of journal entries recorded in the general ledger and other adjustments made in the preparation of the financial statements.
- Assessed accounting estimates for evidence of management bias, including estimates with a higher level of inherent risk relating to the revaluation of PPE, IP & surplus assets and pension liability and asset valuation.
- Evaluated the business rationale for significant unusual transactions.

Having re-evaluated this risk we have considered whether we need to perform other audit procedures not referred to above. We continued to conclude that only those procedures included under 'Inappropriate capitalisation of revenue expenditure' were required.

What are our conclusions?

Our testing in this area is complete.

Based on our work completed to date we have not identified any:

- material weaknesses in controls or evidence of material management override;
- instances of inappropriate judgements being applied; or
- any other transactions during our audit which appear unusual or outside the normal course of business.





Significant risk

Risk of fraud in revenue recognition - inappropriate capitalisation of revenue expenditure

What is the risk?

Under ISA 240 there is a presumed risk that revenue may be misstated due to improper revenue recognition. In the public sector, this requirement is modified by Practice Note 10 issued by the Financial Reporting Council, which states that auditors should also consider the risk that material misstatements may occur by the manipulation of expenditure recognition.

From our risk assessment, we have assessed that the risk manifests itself solely through the inappropriate capitalisation of revenue expenditure to improve the financial position of the general fund.

Capitalised revenue expenditure can be funded through borrowing with only minimal MRP charges recorded in the general fund, deferring the expenditure for 30+ years when the borrowing is repaid

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hat did we do?

Qur approach will focus on:

- ▶ For significant additions we examined invoices, capital expenditure authorisations, leases and other data that support the additions. We reviewed the sample selected against the definition of capital expenditure in IAS 16.
- ▶ We extended our testing of items capitalised in the year by lowering our testing threshold. We will also review a larger random sample of capital additions below our testing threshold.
- ▶ Journal testing we used our testing of Journals to identify high risk transactions, such as items originally recorded as revenue expenditure and subsequently capitalised.

What are our conclusions?

We are satisfied that capital additions made in the year met the requirements of IAS 16, and had been correctly capitalised.





Significant risk

Valuation of investment property

What is the risk?

The Council holds a significant investment property portfolio. The valuation of property is complex and subject to several assumptions and judgements. A small movement in these assumptions can have a material impact on the financial statements.

Difficulties in the retails sector in particular have led to many retailers, including well-known names, closing stores, going into administration, or otherwise looking to reduce their rental costs by renegotiating existing leases.

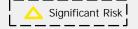
These difficulties have had a direct impact on the value of the retail units (high street shops, out of town retail parks and shopping centres) leased to retailers.

hat did we do?

We have:

- Considered the work performed by the Council's valuer, this included a review of the adequacy of the scope of the work performed, their professional capabilities and the results of their work:
- Sample tested key asset information used by the valuer in performing their valuation (e.g. floor plans to support valuations based on price per square metre);
- instructed our own Property valuation team (EY Real Estates) to review a sample of property valuations performed by the Councils Valuer
- Consider the annual cycle of valuations to ensure that investment properties are being revalued every year.
- Tested accounting entries have been correctly processed in the financial statements; and
- Consider any specific changes to the assets, including useful economic lives as a result of the latest valuation.

What are our conclusions?





Significant risk

Valuation of Enterprise **Development Centre** (EDC)

What is the risk?

The Enterprise Development Centre has been transferred to PPE in 2020/21 with a draft valuation of £7.5m. This is the first year that the council will value the Centre as an operational asset and this represents a significant impairment against the cost valuation in the prior year.

A high level of estimation is involved in the valuation of the EDC which need the valuation to be identified as a significant risk.

The asset Value is material when compared with planning materiality of £950k.

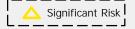
The EDC is a significant balance in the Council's Balance Sheet. The valuation is complex and subject to a number of assumptions and judgements. A small movement in these assumptions can have a material impact on the financial statements.

U nat did we do?

₩e have:

- Considered the work performed by the Council's valuers, including the adequacy of the scope of the work performed, their professional capabilities and the results of their work; and
- Reviewed the valuers methodology and key assumptions to ensure appropriate classification and valuation.

What are our conclusions?





other risk

Valuation of property, plant & equipment

What is the risk?

The fair value of Property, Plant and Equipment (PPE) represent significant balances in the Council's accounts and is subject to valuation changes and impairment reviews.

Management is required to make material judgements about key assumptions and apply estimation techniques to calculate the year-end balances recorded in the balance sheet.

nat did we do?

Re have:

- Considered the work performed by the Council's valuer, this included a review of the adequacy of the scope of the work performed, their professional capabilities and the results of their work:
- Sample tested key asset information used by the valuer in performing their valuation (e.g. floor plans to support valuations based on price per square metre);
- Consider the annual cycle of valuations to ensure that assets have been valued within a 5 year rolling programme as required by the Code for PPE.
- Reviewed assets not subject to valuation in 2019/20 to confirm that the remaining asset base is not materially misstated;
- Considered changes to useful economic lives as a result of the most recent valuation; and
- Tested accounting entries have been correctly processed in the financial statements.

What are our conclusions?



Other risk

NNDR Appeals provision

Statistics compiled by the Ministry for Housing, Communities and Local Government, reveal that councils are forecasting net additions to appeal in the coming years. The reason behind the forecast increase is that, due to the impact of Covid-19, businesses are likely to seek reductions based on a decrease in rental prices on which rateable values are based.

In light of this we consider there to be a higher inherent risk of misstatement of the Authority's NNDR appeals provision.

No considered the Council's estimation of the NNDR appeals provision by reviewing the assumptions made in calculating the provision included within the financial statements.

What are our conclusions?



Other risk

Recognition of grant income associated with Covid-19

Central Government has provided a number of new and different Covid-19 related grants to local authorities during the year.

There are also funds that have been provided for the Council to distribute to other bodies. The Council needs to review each of these grants to establish how they should be accounted for.

It needs to assess whether it is acting as a principal or agent, with the accounting to follow that decision. Where the decision is that the council is a principal, it must also assess whether there are any initial conditions that may also affect the recognition of the grants as revenue during 2020/21.

nat did we do?

- considered the revenue and capital grants received by the Council;
- assessed the potential for manipulation of individual grant streams (including those related to business rates); and
- carried out testing to ensure the accounting treatment and recognition applied to grant income is appropriate

What are our conclusions?



Other risk

Net pension liability valuation

What is the risk?

The Local Authority Accounting Code of Practice and IAS19 require the Council to make extensive disclosures within its financial statements regarding its membership of the Local Government Pension Scheme administered by Northamptonshire County Council. The Council's pension fund net liability is a material estimated balance and the Code requires that this liability be disclosed on the Council's balance sheet.

The information disclosed is based on the IAS 19 report issued to the Council by the actuary to the County Council. Accounting for this scheme involves significant estimation and judgement and therefore management engages an actuary to undertake the calculations on their behalf. ISAs (UK and Ireland) 500 and 540 require us to undertake procedures on the use of management experts and the assumptions underlying fair value estimates.

What did we do?

Øe have:



Liaised with the auditors of Northamptonshire Pension Fund to obtain assurances over the information supplied to the actuary in relation to Northamptonshire County Council.

- Assess the work of the Pension Fund actuary including the assumptions they have used by relying on the work of PWC - Consulting Actuaries commissioned by Public Sector Auditor Appointments for all Local Government sector auditors, and considering any relevant reviews by the EY actuarial team; and
- Review and test the accounting entries and disclosures made within the Council's financial statements in relation to IAS19.

What are our conclusions?

We identified that the pension asset value at 31 March 2021 used by the actuary in their report was understated by £564k.

The draft financial statements presented have been updated to reflect this understatement.

In all other respects we have no findings to report.

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Areas of Audit Focus

Other risk

Going Concern Disclosure

What is the risk?

Covid-19 has created a number of financial pressures throughout Local Government. For East Northamptonshire Council, the estimated financial pressure for the Council in 2020/21 will relate to a reductions in income for the Council as well as additional cost pressures. There is some financial support from MHCLG that cover financial consequences of Covid-19.

North Northamptonshire Council was formed under statutory instrument. The Northamptonshire (Structural Changes) Order 2020, which was made on 14 February 2020 and came into effect from 01 April 2021. CIPFA's Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the United Kingdom 2020/21 sets out that organisations that can only be discontinued under statutory prescription shall prepare their accounts on a going concern basis.

hat did we do?

In light of the unprecedented nature of Covid-19, its impact on the funding of public sector entities and uncertainty over the form and extent of government support, we sought a documented and detailed consideration to support management's assertion regarding the going concern basis. With regards to the councils transition to unitary, our procedures focussed on sufficiency and appropriateness of management's assessment that they have sufficient resources to continue to deliver services at the planned levels, and disclosures of any material uncertainties in the continuity of service provision. Our audit procedures:

- Obtained managements assessment and reviewed for inconsistencies with known information
- Reviewed financial modelling through to 31/03/24; and
- Considered and ensured adequate disclosure had been made in the financial statements.

What are our conclusions?

We have reviewed managements Going Concern assessment, which is for the period until 31/03/24, and confirm their conclusion that the Council remains a Going Concern is based on reasonable and supportable assumptions.

We have also reviewed managements updated Going Concern Disclosure and confirmed it sufficiently detailed, transparent and accurately reflects managements underlying Going Concern assessment.

Due to the merger with North Northamptonshire Council we will include an emphasis of matter in our audit report to highlight the disclosure. We have consulted with our Professional Practice Department on our going concern procedures and the emphasis of matter.



Example audit report subject to EY professional practice consultations on any modifications, particularly to the Value for Money conclusion as highlighted.

Our opinion on the financial statements

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF EAST NORTHHAMPTONSHIRE COUNCIL

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of East Northamptonshire Council for the year ended 31 March 2020 under the Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014. The financial statements comprise the:

- Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement
- Movement in Reserves Statement
- Balance Sheet,
- Cash Flow Statement
 - related notes 1 to 34.
 - Collection Fund and the related notes.

The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and the CIPFA/LASAAC Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the United Kingdom 2020/21.

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the financial position of East Northamptonshire Council as at 31 March 2021 and of its expenditure and income for the year then ended; and
- have been prepared properly in accordance with the CIPFA/LASAAC Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the United Kingdom 2020/21.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Council in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard and the Comptroller and Auditor General's AGNO1, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Emphasis of matter – Local Government Reorganisation. (Districts)
We draw attention to Note 1 - Accounting Policies and Note 34 – Events after the Balance Sheet Date which disclose the local government reorganisation in Northamptonshire. As stated in this disclosure, a new council called North Northamptonshire Council will replace East Northamptonshire Council in April 2021. The Council's assets, liabilities, services and functions transferred to the new North Northamptonshire Council on 1 April 2021.

Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the Director of Finance – s.151 Officer's use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Draft audit report

Our opinion on the financial statements

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the Council's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the Director of Finance – s.151

Officer with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report. However, because not all future events or conditions can be predicted, this statement is not a guarantee as to the Council's ability to continue as a going concern.

Other information

The other information comprises the information included in the Narrative Report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The Director of Finance – s.151 Officer is responsible for the other information.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in this report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

Our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements, or our knowledge obtained in the course of the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements themselves.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of the other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinion on other matters prescribed by the Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014

Matters on which we report by exception

We report to you if:

- in our opinion the annual governance statement is misleading or inconsistent with other information forthcoming from the audit or our knowledge of the Council
- ${\mbox{\tiny \bullet}}$ we issue a report in the public interest under section 24 of the Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014
- we make written recommendations to the audited body under Section 24 of the Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014
- we make an application to the court for a declaration that an item of account is contrary to law under Section 28 of the Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014
- we issue an advisory notice under Section 29 of the Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014
- \bullet we make an application for judicial review under Section 31 of the Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014.

We have nothing to report in these respects.



Draft audit report

Our opinion on the financial statements

In respect of the following, we have matters to report by exception: Arrangements to secure economy, efficiency and effectiveness in the use of resources

On the basis of our work, having regard to the Code of Audit Practice 2020 and the guidance issued by the Comptroller and Auditor General in April 2021, arrangements for the year ended 31 March 2021.

Our judgement on the nature of the weeks are in we have identified the following significant weakness in the Council's

Our judgement on the nature of the weakness identified:

N As disclosed in the Annual Governance Statement, the Council did not perform a bank reconciliation between April 2019 and April 2021. In the preparation of the year-end bank reconciliation, management identified that a fictitious direct payment had been set up and paid between July 2019 and April 2021.

The evidence on which our view is based:

- our audit procedures
- · internal audit reporting
- disclosure in the Annual Governance Statement

The impact on East Northamptonshire Council:

The bank reconciliation is a key component of the control environment and necessary for the prevention and detection of fraud and error. As the entity did not perform a bank reconciliation during 2020/21, management would be unable to detect whether their internal reporting throughout the year was materially complete and accurate.

Action East Northamptonshire Council should take:

The Council should ensure that bank reconciliations are prepared and reviewed, with any irregularities followed up and resolved, regularly and timely.

The issue above is evidence of significant weaknesses in proper arrangements for how the body monitors and assess risk and how the body gains assurance over the effective operation of internal controls, including arrangements to prevent and detect fraud.

Responsibility of the Director of Finance - s.151 Officer As explained more fully in the Statement of the Director of Finance - s.151 Officer's Responsibilities set out on page 15, the Director of Finance - s.151 Officer is responsible for the preparation of the Statement of Accounts, which includes the financial statements, in accordance with proper practices as set out in the CIPFA/LASAAC Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the United Kingdom 2020/21,

and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view and for such internal control as the Director of Finance - s.151 Officer determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Director of Finance is responsible for assessing the Authority's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Authority either intends to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Draft audit report

Our opinion on the financial statements

The authority is responsible for putting in place proper arrangements to secure economy, efficiency and effectiveness in its use of resources, to ensure proper stewardship and governance, and to review regularly the adequacy and effectiveness of these arrangements.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Explanation as to what extent the audit was considered capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect irregularities, including fraud. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement due to fraud is higher than the risk of not detecting one resulting from error, as fraud may involve deliberate concealment by, for example, forgery or intentional misrepresentations, or through collusion.

The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud is detailed below. However, the primary responsibility for the prevention and detection of fraud rests with both those charged with governance of the entity and management.

We obtained an understanding of the legal and regulatory frameworks that are applicable to the Council and determined that the most significant are:

- Local Government Act 1972.
- Local Government Finance Act 1988 (as amended by the Local Government Finance Act 1992) [applicable to authorities with a statutory obligation to maintain a separate collection fund],
- Local Government Act 2003,
- The Local Authorities (Capital Finance and Accounting) (England) Regulations 2003 as amended in 2018 and 2020.
- · Business Rate Supplements Act 2009,
- The Local Government Finance Act 2012,
- The Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014, and
- The Accounts and Audit Regulations 2015.

In addition, the Council has to comply with laws and regulations in the areas of anti-bribery and corruption, data protection, employment Legislation, tax Legislation, general power of competence, procurement and health & safety.

We understood how East Northamptonshire Council is complying with those frameworks by understanding the incentive, opportunities and motives for noncompliance, including inquiring of management, the head of internal audit and those charged with governance and obtaining and reading documentation relating to the procedures in place to identify, evaluate and comply with laws and regulations, and whether they are aware of instances of non-compliance. We corroborated this through our reading of the Council's committee minutes, through review of Council policies.



Draft audit report

Our opinion on the financial statements

Based on this understanding we designed our audit procedures to identify non-compliance with such laws and regulations. Our procedures had a focus on compliance with the accounting framework through obtaining sufficient audit evidence in line with the level of risk identified and with relevant legislation.

We assessed the susceptibility of the Council's financial statements to material misstatement, including how fraud might occur by understanding the potential incentives and pressures for management to manipulate the financial statements, and performed procedures to understand the areas in which this would most likely arise. Based on our risk assessment

procedures, we identified inappropriate capitalisation of revenue expenditure and

management override of controls to be our fraud risks.

To address our fraud risk of inappropriate capitalisation of revenue expenditure we tested the Authority's capitalised expenditure to ensure the capitalisation criteria were properly met and the expenditure was genuine.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at https://www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Scope of the review of arrangements for securing economy, efficiency and effectiveness in the use of resources

We have undertaken our review in accordance with the Code of Audit Practice 2020, having regard to the guidance on the specified reporting criteria issued by the Comptroller and Auditor General in April 2021, as to whether East Northamptonshire Council had proper arrangements for financial sustainability, governance and improving economy, efficiency and effectiveness. The Comptroller and Auditor General determined these criteria as those necessary for us to consider under the Code of Audit Practice in satisfying ourselves whether East Northamptonshire Council put in place proper arrangements for securing economy, efficiency and effectiveness in its use of resources for the year ended 31 March 2021.

We planned our work in accordance with the Code of Audit Practice. Based on our risk assessment, we undertook such work as we considered necessary to form a view on whether, in all significant respects, East Northamptonshire Council had put in place proper arrangements to secure economy, efficiency and effectiveness in its use of resources.

We are required under Section 20(1)(c) of the Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014 to satisfy ourselves that the Authority has made proper arrangements for securing economy, efficiency and effectiveness in its use of resources.

We are not required to consider, nor have we considered, whether all aspects of the Authority's arrangements for securing economy, efficiency and effectiveness in its use of resources are operating effectively.



Draft audit report

Our opinion on the financial statements

Delay in certification of completion of the audit

We cannot formally conclude the audit and issue an audit certificate until we have completed the work necessary to issue our assurance statement in respect of the Authority's Whole of Government Accounts consolidation pack. We are satisfied that this work does not have a material effect on the financial statements or our work on value for money arrangements.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the members of East Northamptonshire Council, as a body, in accordance with Part 5 of the Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014 and for no other purpose, as set out in paragraph 43 of the Statement of Responsibilities of Auditors and Audited Bodies published by Public Sector Audit Appointments Limited. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Council and the Council's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Neil Harris (Key Audit Partner) Ernst & Young LLP (Local Auditor) Luton XX September 2022





Audit Differences

In the normal course of any audit, we identify misstatements between amounts we believe should be recorded in the financial statements and the disclosures and amounts actually recorded. These differences are classified as "known" or "judgemental". Known differences represent items that can be accurately quantified and relate to a definite set of facts or circumstances. Judgemental differences generally involve estimation and relate to facts or circumstances that are uncertain or open to interpretation.

Summary of differences

We report to you any uncorrected misstatements greater than our nominal value of £47k. We have not identified any such misstatements.

We also report to you corrected misstatements greater than our materiality of £951k. We identified that;

- Due to the timing of the IAS19 report, pension assets were understated by £564k.
- Gross income and gross expenditure were both overstated by £6.8m. There was no impact on the bottom line for this adjustment.

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addition there were a number of other non material amendments made to the draft financial statements and disclosures as a result of our work.



Value for money

The Authority's responsibilities for value for money (VFM)

The Authority is required to maintain an effective system of internal control that supports the achievement of its policies, aims and objectives while safeguarding and securing value for money from the public funds and other resources at its disposal.

As part of the material published with its financial statements, the Authority is required to bring together commentary on its governance framework and how this has operated during the period in a governance statement. In preparing its governance statement, the Authority tailors the content to reflect its own individual circumstances, consistent with the requirements set out in the Cipfa code of practice on local authority accounting. This includes a requirement to provide commentary on its arrangements for securing value for money from their use of resources.

Auditor responsibility under the new code

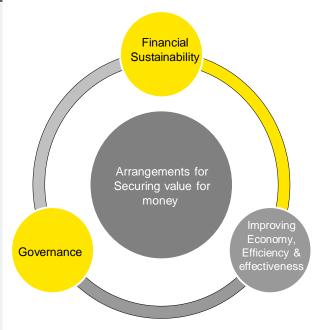
On 1 April 2020, the NAO's new Code of Audit Practice (the 2020 Code) came into force. This sets out how local auditors are expected to approach and report their work on value for money (VFM) arrangements under the new Code and applies to audits of 2020/21 financial statements onwards.

who der the 2020 Code, we are still required to consider whether the Council has put in place 'proper arrangements' to secure economy, efficiency and effectiveness on its use of resources. However, there is no longer overall evaluation which we need to conclude on. Instead the 2020 Code requires the auditor to design their work to provide them with sufficient assurance to enable them to report to the Council a commentary against specified reporting criteria (see below) on the arrangements the Council has in place to secure value for money through economic, efficient and effective use of its resources for the relevant period.

The specified criteria are:

- Financial sustainability How the Council plans and manages its resources to ensure it can continue to deliver its services;
- Governance How the Council ensures that it makes informed decisions and properly manages its risks; and
- Improving economy, efficiency and effectiveness How the Council uses information about its costs and performance to improve the way it manages and delivers its services.

The NAO's guidance notes require us to carry out a risk assessment which gathers sufficient evidence to enable us to document our evaluation of the Council's arrangements, in order to enable us to draft a commentary under the three reporting criteria. This includes identifying and reporting on any significant weaknesses in those arrangements and making appropriate recommendations.



Value for Money

Value for Money Risks

Risk assessment

In the outline Audit Planning Report presented to the Audit and Governance Committee in July 2022, we reported that we had identified one significant risk due to the Council not undertaking bank reconciliations during the 2020/21 financial year. We also noted that we were yet to complete our detailed value for money (VFM) risk assessment. We subsequently completed our planning risk assessment and did not identified any further risk of significant weakness in arrangements against the three specified criteria.

Our work and findings in relation to the significant risk identified is recorded below.

What is the significant value for money risk?	What arrangements did the risk affect?	What are our findings?
During the audit we identified that the bank reconciliation was not performed in 2020/21. The bank reconciliation is a key financial control in the production of the financial statements and other financial information which the Council rely upon.	Governance Improving economy, efficiency and effectiveness	During the course of the audit we identified that management had not undertaken a bank reconciliation throughout 2020/21 financial year. As disclosed in the Annual Governance Statement, the Council did not perform a bank reconciliation between April 2019 and April 2021. In the preparation of the year-end bank reconciliation, management identified that a fictitious direct payment had been set up and paid between July 2019 and April 2021. The bank reconciliation is a key component of the control environment and necessary for the prevention and detection of fraud and error. As the entity did not perform a bank reconciliation during 2020/21, management would be unable to detect whether their internal reporting throughout the year was materially complete and accurate. The issue above is evidence of significant weaknesses in relation to the governance – how the body monitors and assesses risk and how the body gains assurance over the effective operation of internal controls, including arrangements to prevent and detect fraud. As a result of this we have issued a modified auditors report in respect of our value for money conclusion.



Other reporting issues

Consistency of other information published with the financial statements, including the Annual Governance Statement

We must give an opinion on the consistency of the financial and non-financial information in the Statement of Accounts 2020/21 with the audited financial statements

We must also review the Annual Governance Statement for completeness of disclosures, consistency with other information from our work, and whether it complies with relevant guidance.

Financial information in the Statement of Accounts 2020/21 and published with the financial statements was consistent with the audited financial statements.

We have no issues to report in relation to the Annual Governance Statement.

Whole of Government Accounts

Alongside our work on the financial statements, we also review and report to the National Audit Office on your Whole of Government Accounts return. The extent of war review, and the nature of our report, is specified by the National Audit Office.

We have no matters to report as the Council in relation to this work.

Other powers and duties

We have a duty under the Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014 to consider whether to report on any matter that comes to our attention in the course of the audit, either for the Council to consider it or to bring it to the attention of the public (i.e. "a report in the public interest"). We did not identify any issues which required us to issue a report in the public interest.

We also have a duty to make written recommendations to the Council, copied to the Secretary of State, and take action in accordance with our responsibilities under the Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014.

We did not identify any issues.

Other matters

We have no other matters to report.





Assessment of Control Environment

Financial controls

Under ISA (UK&I) 265 it is mandatory to communicate significant deficiencies in internal control in writing to any audit client. Unless the audit team has used the 'Management Letter template' to communicate significant deficiencies, it is mandatory to use this section if there are any.

It is the responsibility of the Council to develop and implement systems of internal financial control and to put in place proper arrangements to monitor their adequacy and effectiveness in practice. Our responsibility as your auditor is to consider whether the Council has put adequate arrangements in place to satisfy itself that the systems of internal financial control are both adequate and effective in practice.

As part of our audit of the financial statements, we obtained an understanding of internal control sufficient to plan our audit and determine the nature, timing and extent of testing performed. As we have adopted a fully substantive approach, we have therefore not tested the operation of controls.

Although our audit was not designed to express an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control we are required to communicate to you significant deficiencies in internal control.

As disclosed in the Annual Governance Statement, the Council did not perform a bank reconciliation between April 2019 and April 2021. In the preparation of the year-And bank reconciliation, management identified that a fictitious direct payment had been set up and paid between July 2019 and April 2021.

The bank reconciliation is a key component of the control environment and necessary for the prevention and detection of fraud and error. As the entity did not perform Doank reconciliation during 2019/20 and 2020/21, management would be unable to detect whether their internal reporting throughout the year was materially complete and accurate.

The issue above is evidence of weaknesses in proper arrangements as reported within section 5 of this report.





Confirmation and analysis of Audit fees

We confirm there are no changes in our assessment of independence since our confirmation in our audit planning board report dated March 2021.

We complied with the APB Ethical Standards. In our professional judgement the firm is independent and the objectivity of the audit engagement partner and audit staff has not been compromised within the meaning of regulatory and professional requirements.

We consider that our independence in this context is a matter that should be reviewed by both you and ourselves. It is therefore important that you consider the facts of which you are aware and come to a view. If you wish to discuss any matters concerning our independence, we will be pleased to do so at the forthcoming meeting of the Audit and Governance Committee

Confirm we have undertaken non-audit work outside of the Statement of componsibilities of auditors and audited bodies as issued by the Public Sector Audit Appointments Ltd. We have adopted the necessary safeguards in our completion of his work

The FRC Ethical Standard requires that we provide details of all relationships between Ernst & Young (EY) and your Council, and its directors and senior management and its affiliates, including all services provided by us and our network to your Council, its directors and senior management and its affiliates, and other services provided to other known connected parties that we consider may reasonably be thought to bear on the our integrity or objectivity, including those that could compromise independence and the related safeguards that are in place and why they address the threats.

There are no relationships from 1 April 2020 to the date of this report, which we consider may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence and objectivity.

Our fees do not yet include the scale fee review which is currently underway with management and PSAA to agree whether the scale fees need to be rebased to properly account for the increased audit and quality requirements as well as increased regulatory challenge on the depth and quality of assurance provided by audit suppliers. There is now greater pressure on firms to deliver higher quality audits by requiring auditors to demonstrate greater professional scepticism when carrying out their work. This has resulted in auditors needing to exercise greater challenge to the areas where management makes judgements or relies upon advisers, for example, in relation to estimates and related assumptions within the accounts. Discussions remain ongoing.

As part of our reporting on our independence, we set out below a summary of the fees you have paid us in the year ended 31 March 2021.

Description	Estimated Fee 2019/20 £	Scale Fee 2020/21 £	Estimated Fee 2019/20 £
Total Fee - Code work (1)	34,673	34,673	34,673
Scale Fee Rebasing: Changes in work required to address professional and regulatory requirements and scope associated with risks	31,590	-	31,590
Changes in scope	To be confirmed	-	To be confirmed
Total audit fees	To be confirmed	34,673	To be confirmed

(1) we will share a breakdown of our final fees for 19/20 and 20/21 with management for comment before we submit to PSAA to determine. We will update the Audit and Governance Committee with the outcome. The final fee will cover the impact of the changes in scope to the audit driven by the audit risk assessments and matters set out in this report, including any delays experienced as a result of the adequacy of working papers and explanations provided for audit.

We do anticipate scale fee variations for the 2020-2021 audit to respond to the significant and inherent risks, areas of focus on our audit of the Council's financial statements as well as our work on value for money arrangements as set out in this report.

All fees exclusive of VAT



Other communications

EY Transparency Report 2021

Ernst & Young (EY) has policies and procedures that instil professional values as part of firm culture and ensure that the highest standards of objectivity, independence and integrity are maintained.

Details of the key policies and processes in place within EY for maintaining objectivity and independence can be found in our annual Transparency Report which the firm is required to publish by law. The most recent version of this Report is for the year end 30 June 2021:

https://assets.ey.com/content/dam/ey-sites/ey-com/en_uk/about-us/transparency-report-2020/ey-uk-2021-transparency-report.pdf





Required communications with the Audit and Governance Committee

There are certain communications that we must provide to the Audit and Governance Committees of UK clients. We have detailed these here together with a reference of when and where they were covered:

		Our Reporting to you
Required communications	What is reported?	When and where
Terms of engagement	Confirmation by the Audit and Governance Committee of acceptance of terms of engagement as written in the engagement letter signed by both parties.	The statement of responsibilities serves as the formal terms of engagement between the PSAA's appointed auditors and audited bodies.
Gur responsibilities 4	Reminder of our responsibilities as set out in the engagement letter.	Audit planning report to July 2022 Audit and Governance Committee
Planning and audit approach	Communication of the planned scope and timing of the audit, any limitations and the significant risks identified.	Audit planning report to July 2022 Audit and Governance Committee
Significant findings from the audit	 Our view about the significant qualitative aspects of accounting practices including accounting policies, accounting estimates and financial statement disclosures Significant difficulties, if any, encountered during the audit Significant matters, if any, arising from the audit that were discussed with management Written representations that we are seeking Expected modifications to the audit report Other matters if any, significant to the oversight of the financial reporting process 	Audit results report to September 2022 Audit and Governance Committee



		Our Reporting to you
Required communications	What is reported?	When and where
Going concern	 Events or conditions identified that may cast significant doubt on the entity's ability to continue as a going concern, including: Whether the events or conditions constitute a material uncertainty Whether the use of the going concern assumption is appropriate in the preparation and presentation of the financial statements The adequacy of related disclosures in the financial statements 	No conditions or events were identified, either individually or together to raise any doubt about North Northamptonshire Council's ability to continue for the 12 months from the date of our report.
Misstatements Page	 Uncorrected misstatements and their effect on our audit opinion The effect of uncorrected misstatements related to prior periods A request that any uncorrected misstatement be corrected Material misstatements corrected by management 	Audit results report to September 2022 Audit and Governance Committee
\$\text{\text{bs}}\text{bsequent events}	• Enquiry of the Audit and Governance Committee where appropriate regarding whether any subsequent events have occurred that might affect the financial statements.	September 2022 Audit and Governance Committee
Fraud	 Enquiries of the Audit and Governance Committee to determine whether they have knowledge of any actual, suspected or alleged fraud affecting the Authority Any fraud that we have identified or information we have obtained that indicates that a fraud may exist Unless all of those charged with governance are involved in managing the Authority, any identified or suspected fraud involving: a. Management; b. Employees who have significant roles in internal control; or c. Others where the fraud results in a material misstatement in the financial statements. The nature, timing and extent of audit procedures necessary to complete the audit when fraud involving management is suspected Any other matters related to fraud, relevant to Audit and Governance Committee responsibility. 	Audit results report to September 2022 Audit and Governance Committee No matters to report.



		Our Reporting to you
Required communications	What is reported?	When and where
Related parties	Significant matters arising during the audit in connection with the Authority's related parties including, when applicable: Non-disclosure by management Inappropriate authorisation and approval of transactions Disagreement over disclosures Non-compliance with laws and regulations Difficulty in identifying the party that ultimately controls the Authority	Audit results report to September 2022 Audit and Governance Committee. No matters to report.
Independence Page 47	Communication of all significant facts and matters that bear on EY's, and all individuals involved in the audit, objectivity and independence. Communication of key elements of the audit engagement partner's consideration of independence and objectivity such as: The principal threats Safeguards adopted and their effectiveness An overall assessment of threats and safeguards Information about the general policies and process within the firm to maintain objectivity and independence Communications whenever significant judgments are made about threats to objectivity and independence and the appropriateness of safeguards put in place.	Audit planning report to July 2022 Audit and Governance Committee and Audit results report to September 2022 Audit and Governance Committee



		Our Reporting to you
Required communications	What is reported?	When and where
External confirmations	 Management's refusal for us to request confirmations Inability to obtain relevant and reliable audit evidence from other procedures. 	We have obtained all required confirmations.
Consideration of laws and regulations Page	 Subject to compliance with applicable regulations, matters involving identified or suspected non-compliance with laws and regulations, other than those which are clearly inconsequential and the implications thereof. Instances of suspected non-compliance may also include those that are brought to our attention that are expected to occur imminently or for which there is reason to believe that they may occur Enquiry of the Audit and Governance Committee into possible instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations that may have a material effect on the financial statements and that the Audit and Governance Committee may be aware of 	We have asked management and those charged with governance. We have not identified any material instances or noncompliance with laws and regulations.
internal controls identified during the audit	Significant deficiencies in internal controls identified during the audit.	Audit results report to September 2022 Audit and Governance Committee.



		Our Reporting to you
Required communications	What is reported?	When and where
Written representations we are requesting from management and/or those charged with governance	Written representations we are requesting from management and/or those charged with governance	Audit results report to September 2022 Audit and Governance Committee
Material inconsistencies or misstatements of fact identified in other information which management has refused to revise	Material inconsistencies or misstatements of fact identified in other information which management has refused to revise	Audit results report to September 2022 Audit and Governance Committee. No matters to report.
Additors report	Any circumstances identified that affect the form and content of our auditor's report	Audit results report to September 2022 Audit and Governance Committee
Reporting	 Breakdown of fee information when the audit planning report is agreed Breakdown of fee information at the completion of the audit Any non-audit work 	Audit planning report to July 2022 Audit and Governance Committee and Audit results report to September 2022 Audit and Governance Committee



Appendix B

Management representation letter

Management Rep Letter

Ernst & Young LLP

This letter of representations is provided in connection with your audit of the financial statements of East Northamptonshire Council ("the Council") for the year ended 31 March 2021. We recognise that obtaining representations from us concerning the information contained in this letter is a significant procedure in enabling you to form an opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Council financial position of East Northamptonshire Council as of 31 March 2021 and of its income and expenditure for the year then ended in accordance with CIPFA LASAAC Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the United Kingdom 2020/21.

We understand that the purpose of your audit of our financial statements is to express an opinion thereon and that your audit was conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland), which involves an examination of the accounting system, internal control and related data to the extent you considered necessary in the circumstances, and is not designed to identify - nor necessarily be expected to disclose - all fraud, shortages, errors and other irregularities, should any exist.

Accordingly, we make the following representations, which are true to the best of our knowledge and belief, having made such inquiries as we considered necessary for the purpose of appropriately informing ourselves:

A. Financial Statements and Financial Records

- We have fulfilled our responsibilities, under the relevant statutory authorities, for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with the Accounts and Audit Regulations 2015 and CIPFA LASAAC Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the United Kingdom 2020/21.
- 2. We acknowledge, as members of management of the Council, our responsibility for the fair presentation of the financial statements. We believe the financial statements referred to above give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance (or results of operations) and cash

- flows of the Council in accordance with [the CIPFA LASAAC Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the United Kingdom 2020/21. We have approved the financial statements.
- 2. The significant accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the financial statements are appropriately described in the financial statements.
- 3. As members of management of the Council, we believe that the Council has a system of internal controls adequate to enable the preparation of accurate financial statements in accordance with the CIPFA LASAAC Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the United Kingdom 2020/21, that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.
- 4. We believe that the effects of any unadjusted audit differences, summarised in the accompanying schedule, accumulated by you during the current audit and pertaining to the latest period presented are immaterial, both individually and in the aggregate, to the financial statements taken as a whole.

B. Non-compliance with law and regulations, including fraud

- We acknowledge that we are responsible to determine that the Council's activities are conducted in accordance with laws and regulations and that we are responsible to identify and address any non-compliance with applicable laws and regulations, including fraud.
- 2. We acknowledge that we are responsible for the design, implementation and maintenance of internal controls to prevent and detect fraud.
- 3. We have disclosed to you the results of our assessment of the risk that the financial statements may be materially misstated as a result of fraud.
- 4. We have disclosed to you, and provided you full access to information and any internal investigations relating to, all instances of identified or suspected non-compliance with law and regulations, including fraud, known to us that may have affected the Council (regardless of the source or form and including, without limitation, allegations by "whistleblowers") including non-compliance.



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matters:

- · involving financial statements;
- related to laws and regulations that have a direct effect on the determination of material amounts and disclosures in the Council's financial statements:
- related to laws and regulations that have an indirect effect on amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, but compliance with which may be fundamental to the operations of the Council's activities, its ability to continue to operate, or to avoid material penalties;
- involving management, or employees who have significant roles in internal controls, or others; or
- in relation to any allegations of fraud, suspected fraud or other noncompliance with laws and regulations communicated by employees, former employees, analysts, regulators or others.
- C. Information Provided and Completeness of Information and Transactions
- 1. We have provided you with:
 - Access to all information of which we are aware that is relevant to the preparation of the financial statements such as records, documentation and other matters:
 - Additional information that you have requested from us for the purpose of the audit; and
 - Unrestricted access to persons within the entity from whom you determined it necessary to obtain audit evidence.
- All material transactions have been recorded in the accounting records and all material transactions, events and conditions are reflected in the financial statements, including those related to the COVID-19 pandemic
- 3. We have made available to you all minutes of the meetings of the Council, Cabinet and Audit and Governance Committee held through the year to the most recent meeting on the following date: 5 September 2022.
- 4. We confirm the completeness of information provided regarding the identification of related parties. We have disclosed to you the identity of the Council's related parties and all related party relationships and transactions of which we are aware, including sales, purchases, loans, transfers of assets, liabilities and services

- leasing arrangements, guarantees, non-monetary transactions and transactions for no consideration for the period ended, as well as related balances due to or from such parties at the year end. These transactions have been appropriately accounted for and disclosed in the financial statements.
- We believe that the methods, significant assumptions and the data we used in making accounting estimates and related disclosures are appropriate and consistently applied to achieve recognition, measurement and disclosure that is in accordance with applicable financial reporting framework. We have disclosed to you, and the Council has complied with, all aspects of contractual agreements that could have a material effect on the financial statements in the event of noncompliance, including all covenants, conditions or other requirements of all outstanding debt.
- We have disclosed to you, and the Council has complied with, all aspects of contractual agreements that could have a material effect on the financial statements in the event of non-compliance, including all covenants, conditions or other requirements of all outstanding debt.
- 7. From the date of our last management representation letter through the date of this letter we have disclosed to you, to the extent that we are aware, any (1) unauthorized access to our information technology systems that either occurred or to the best of our knowledge is reasonably likely to have occurred based on our investigation, including of reports submitted to us by third parties (including regulatory agencies, law enforcement agencies and security consultants), to the extent that such unauthorized access to our information technology systems is reasonably likely to have a material impact to the financial statements, in each case or in the aggregate, and (2) ransomware attacks when we paid or are contemplating paying a ransom, regardless of the amount.

D. Liabilities and Contingencies

- All liabilities and contingencies, including those associated with guarantees, whether written or oral, have been disclosed to you and are appropriately reflected in the financial statements.
- 2. We have informed you of all outstanding and possible litigation and claims, whether or not they have been discussed with legal counsel.



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Management Rep Letter

 We have recorded and/or disclosed, as appropriate, all liabilities related litigation and claims, both actual and contingent, and have disclosed in Note 35 to the financial statements all guarantees that we have given to third parties.

E. Going Concern

1. Note 1b to the financial statements discloses all the matters of which we are aware that are relevant to the Council's ability to continue as a going concern, including significant conditions and events, our plans for future action, and the feasibility of those plans.

F. Subsequent Events

 Other than described in Note 34 to the financial statements, there have been no events, including events related to the COVID-19 pandemic, and including events related to the conflict and related sanctions in Ukraine, Russia and/or Belarus subsequent to period end which require adjustment of or disclosure in the financial statements or notes thereto.

G. Other information

- 1. We acknowledge our responsibility for the preparation of the other information. The other information comprises the Narrative Report.
- 2. We confirm that the content contained within the other information is consistent with the financial statements.

H. Climate-related matters

1. We confirm that to the best of our knowledge all information that is relevant to the recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosure of climate-related matters has been considered and reflected in the financial statements.

H. Use of the Work of a Specialist

Valuation of Property, Plant and Equipment

- 1. We agree with the findings of the specialists that we engaged to evaluate the valuation of assets and have adequately considered the qualifications of the specialists in determining the amounts and disclosures included in the consolidated and Authority financial statements and the underlying accounting records. We did not give or cause any instructions to be given to the specialists with respect to the values or amounts derived in an attempt to bias their work, and we are not otherwise aware of any matters that have had an effect on the independence or objectivity of the specialists.
- 2. We confirm that the significant judgments made in making the valuation of assets have taken into account all relevant information and the effects of the COVID-19 pandemic on asset valuations of which we are aware.
- 3. We believe that the selection or application of the methods, assumptions and data used by us have been consistently and appropriately applied or used in making the valuations.
- 4. We confirm that the disclosures made in the consolidated and Authority financial statements with respect to the accounting estimate(s), including those describing estimation uncertainty and the effects of the COVID-19 pandemic on the valuations, are complete and are reasonable in the context of the applicable financial reporting framework.
- 5. We confirm that appropriate specialized skills or expertise has been applied in making the valuations.
- 6. We confirm that no adjustments are required to the accounting estimates and disclosures in the consolidated and Authority financial statements.



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Management representation letter

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Retirement benefits

1. On the basis of the process established by us and having made appropriate enquiries, we are satisfied that the actuarial assumptions underlying the scheme liabilities are consistent with our knowledge of the business. All significant retirement benefits and all settlements and curtailments have been identified and properly accounted for.

National non-domestic rates appeals provision

- 1. We believe that the measurement processes, including related assumptions and models, used to determine the accounting estimate have been consistently applied and are appropriate in the context of CIPFA LASAAC Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the United Kingdom 2020/21
- We confirm that the disclosures made in the consolidated and Authority financial statements with respect to the accounting estimate are complete, including the effects of the COVID-19 pandemic and made in accordance with CIPFA LASAAC Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the United Kingdom 2020/21.
- We confirm that no adjustments are required to the accounting estimate and disclosures in the consolidated and Authority financial statements due to subsequent events, including due to the COVID-19 pandemic.

Signed on behalf of East Northamptonshire Council

I confirm that this letter has been discussed and agreed by the Audit and **Governance Committee**

(Executive Director of Finance)

(Chair of the Audit and Governance Committee)

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